Introduction to Engineering Mathematics

With Jim Paradise

Objectives for Today

Our objective for today is not to teach you...

- Algebra,
- Geometry,
- Trigonometry, and
- Calculus,

but rather to give you a sound understanding of what each of these are and how, and why, they are used.

My hope is that this will allow you to make informed decisions in the future when choosing math classes.

Definitions

- Algebra the study of mathematical operations and their application to solving equations
- Geometry the study of shapes
 - Algebra is a prerequisite
- Trigonometry the study of triangles and the relationships between the lengths of their sides and the angles between those sides.
 - Algebra and Geometry are prerequisites
- Calculus the mathematical study of change
 - Differential Calculus concerning rates of change and slopes of curves
 - Integral Calculus concerning accumulation of quantities and the areas under curves
 - Algebra, Geometry, and Trigonometry are prerequisites

Who needs Calculus?

- Math Courses Required for B.S. in Engineering Degree
- Calculus 1 for Engineers
- Calculus 2 for Engineers
- Calculus 3 for Engineers
- Linear Algebra & Differential Equations

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- Prerequisite Math Courses for Calculus 1
- College Algebra and College Trigonometry or
- Pre-Calculus

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- Partial List of Degrees requiring math through Calculus 1 or higher
- Chemistry
- Geology
- Economics
- Masters in Business Administration
- Math
- Physiology
- Engineering
- Physics

How Old is this stuff?

- Algebra Ancient Babylonians and Egyptians were using algebra by 1,800 B.C.
- Geometry Egypt, China, and India by 300 B.C.
- Trigonometry by 200 B.C.
- Calculus and Differential Equations by the 1,600's

Algebra Properties

Commutative Property

- a + b = b + a
- ab = ba

Associative Property

- (a + b) + c = a + (b + c)
- (ab)c = a(bc)

Distributive Property

• a(b+c) = ab + ac

Rules of signs

- Negative (-) can go anywhere.
- Two negatives = positive

Order of Operations

- PEMDAS (Please Excuse My Dear Aunt Sally)
 - Parenthesis and Exponents first, then
 - Multiply and Divide, then
 - Add and Subtract

Exponents and Polynomials

Exponents

- $x^2 = x \text{ times } x$
- $x^3 = x$ times x times

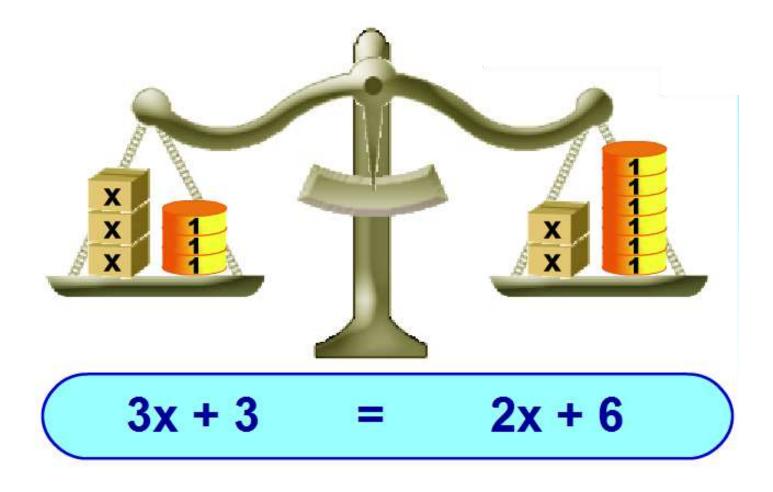
Polynomials

- $x^2 + 4x + 3$
- $7x^3 5x^2 + 12x 7$

Factoring

• $x^2 + 4x + 3 = (x + 1)(x + 3)$

Solving Equations – Keep Balance



Try to get to form: x = value

Solving Equations

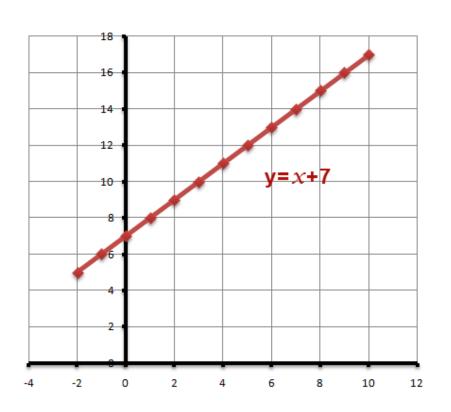
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$$3x + 3 = 2x + 6$$
 solve for x

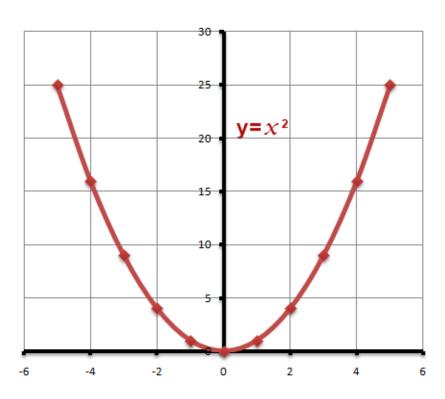
Equations of Lines

Standard Form: y = mx + b, where

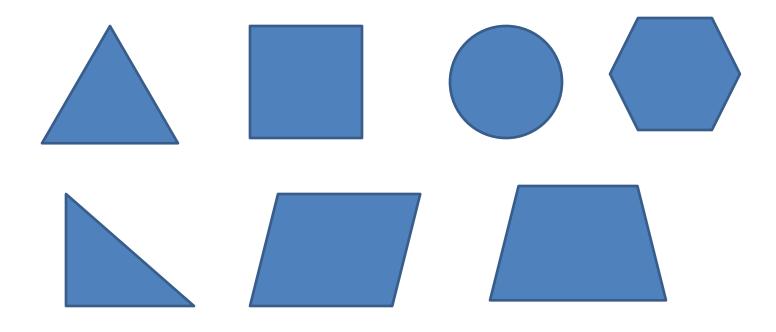
- m is slope of line and
 - Positive slope = ____
 - Negative slope = ____
 - Zero slope = ____
- b is the y-axis intercept

Graphing (2 dimensional)



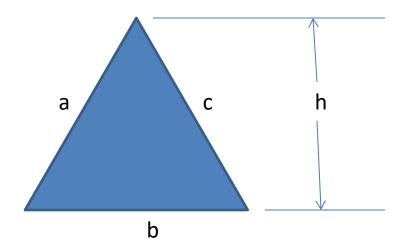


Geometry – the study of shapes



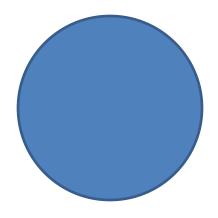
Triangles

- Area = ½ bh where b is base and h is height
- Perimeter = a + b + c
- Angles add up to 180°



Circles

- Area = πr^2 where r is the radius of the circle
- Circumference = $2\pi r = 2d$
- d (diameter) = 2r (radius)



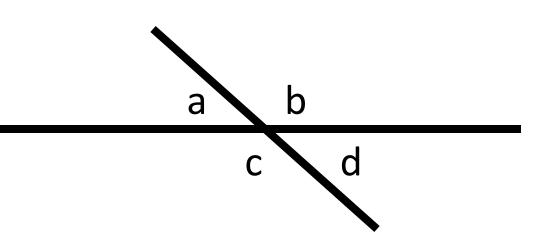
Angles Geometry

Opposite angles are equal

- angle a = angle d
- angle b = angle c

Supplementary angles = 180°

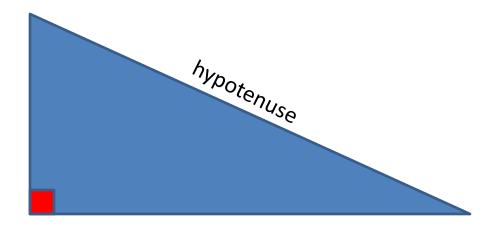
- $a + b = 180^{\circ}$
- $b + d = 180^{\circ}$
- $c + d = 180^{\circ}$
- $a + c = 180^{\circ}$



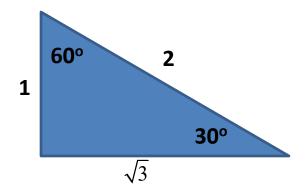
Trigonometry – Study of Triangles

Every **Right Triangle** has three sides

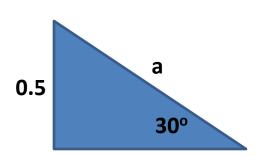
- Hypotenuse
- Opposite
- Adjacent

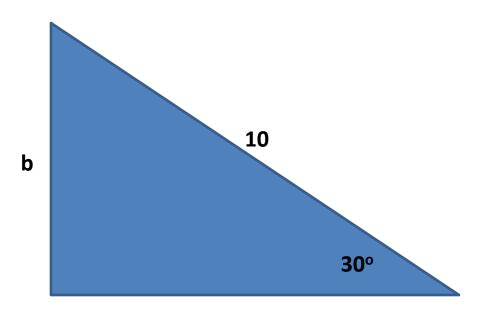


Known Triangle



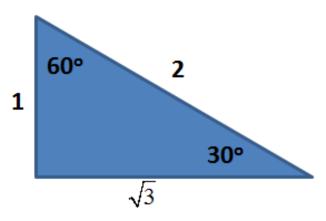
Similar Triangles

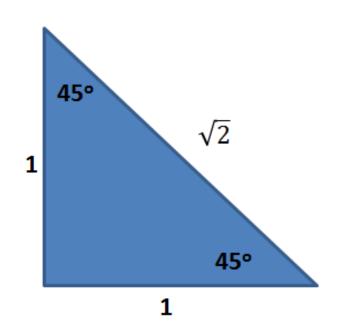


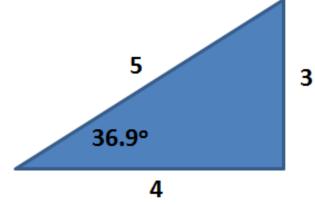


Common triangles

Common Triangles



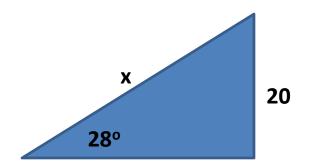




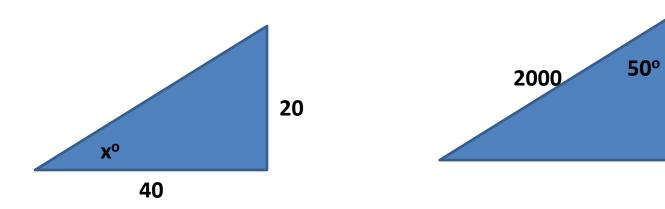
Trig Functions (ratios of triangle sides)

Trig Function			
Name	Notation	Definition	
Sine	Sin	opposite	
		hypotenuse	

Inverse Trig Function			
Name	Notation	Definition	
Sin ⁻¹	Csc	hypotenuse	
		opposite	

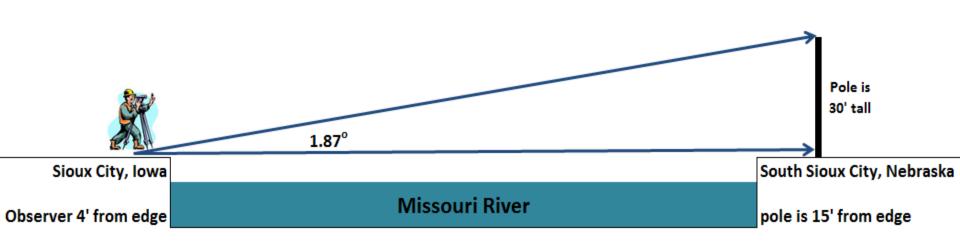


X



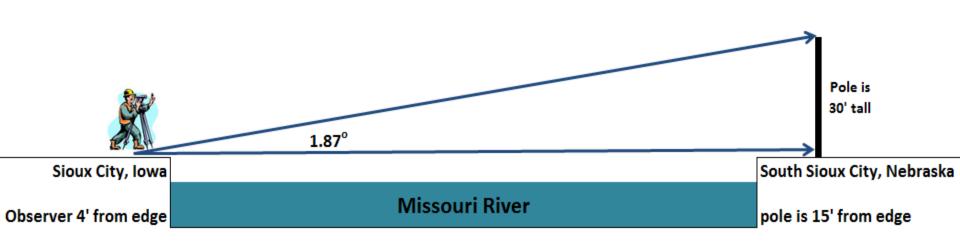
Real Trig Problems

How wide is the Missouri River?



Real Trig Problems

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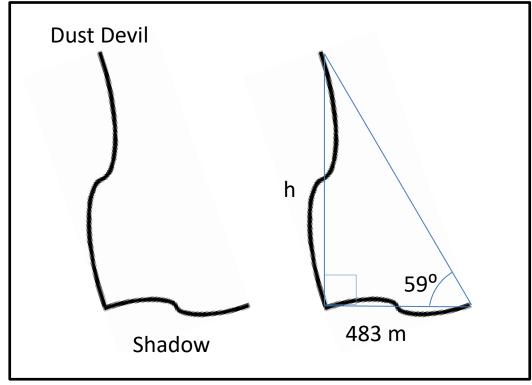




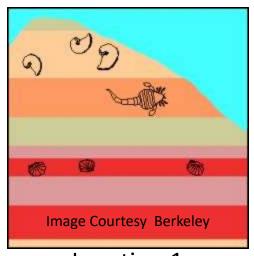


- The length of the shadow is approximately 483 meters
- The angle of the Sun over the ground is approximately 59 degrees
- Calculate the height of the dust devil

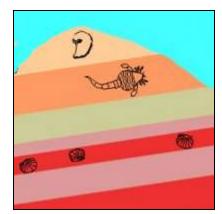




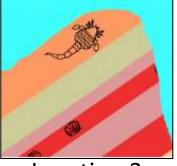
How Do You Hunt Dinosaurs?







Location 2



Location 3



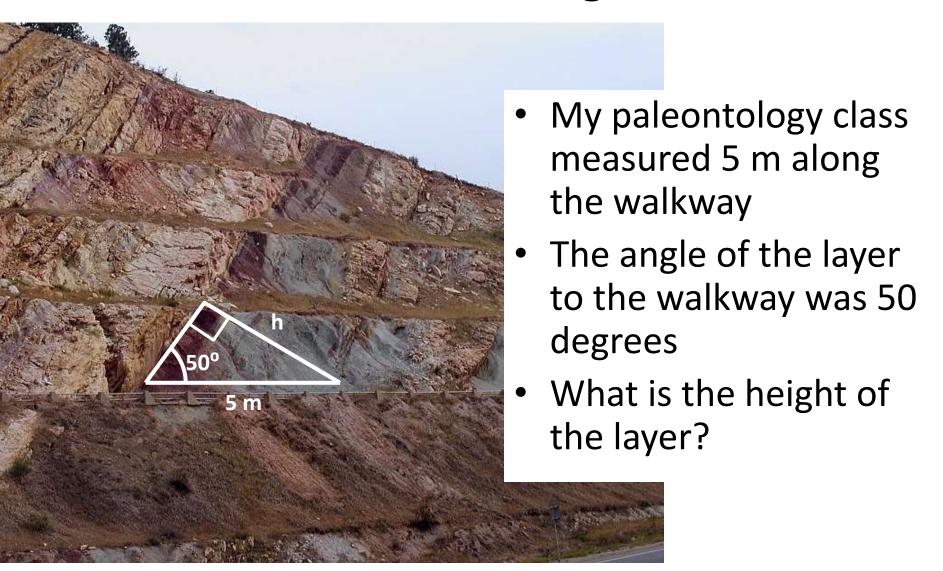
Where can you find ammonites?

- Learn where fossils have been found in the past, and identify the rock layer that had those fossils.
- Trace that layer to new locations and search for new fossils.
- We used trigonometry to measure rock layer thicknesses.

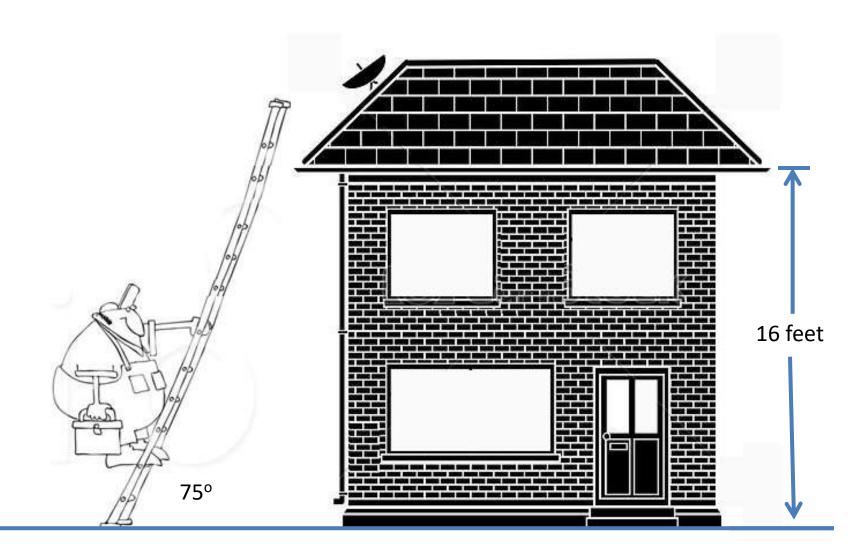


Digging Up Dinosaur Bones

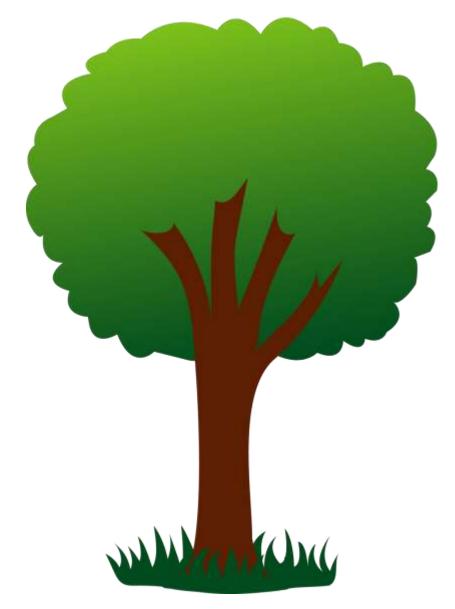
How Thick is This Rock Layer Near Dinosaur Ridge?



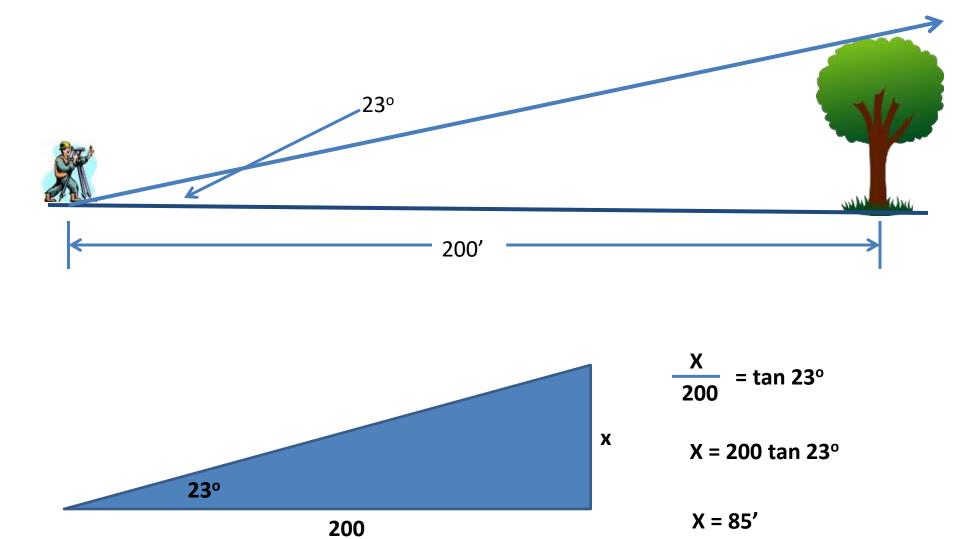
How long should the ladder be?



How tall is the tree?



How tall is the tree?



Calculus – 3 Areas of Study

- Limits
 - Used to understand undefined values
 - Used to derive derivatives and integrals
- Differential Calculus
 - Uses derivatives to solve problems
 - Great for finding maximums and minimum values
- Integral Calculus
 - Uses integrals to solve problems
 - Great for finding area under a curve
 - Great for finding volumes of 3 dimensional objects

Limits

$$\lim_{x \to 1} \frac{6x-6}{x^2+x-2}$$

$$\lim_{x \to 1} \frac{6(x-1)}{(x-1)(x+2)}$$

$$\lim_{x \to 1} \frac{6}{(x+2)} = 2$$

Differential Calculus

Function

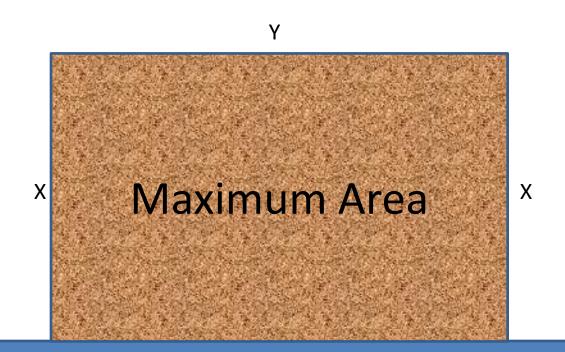
$$f(x) = x^n$$

derivative (slope of tangent line)

$$f'(x) = nx^{n-1}$$

Find the dimensions for max area

- You have 500 feet of fencing
- Build a rectangular enclosure along the river
- Find x and y dimensions such that area is max

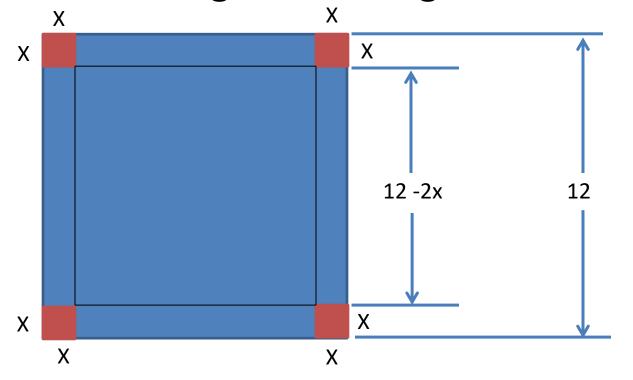


Find the maximum value...

- Using two non-negative numbers
- Whose sum is 9
- The Product of one number and the square of the other number is a maximum

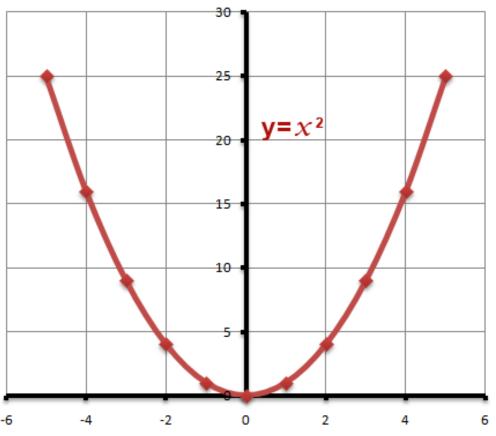
Find dimensions that give max volume...

- One square foot of metal material (12"x12")
- Cut identical squares out of the four corners
- Fold up sides to made a square pan
- What dimension of x gives the largest volume?



Slope of Tangent Line

- Derivative gives slope of tangent line at point x
- $f(x) = x^2$
- f'(x) = 2x
- Point on Curve (1,1)
 - Slope of tangent = 2
- Point on Curve (2,4)
 - Slope of tangent = 4



Integral Calculus

Function

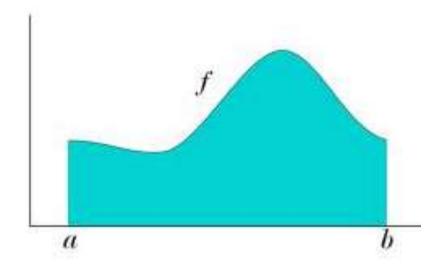
$$f(x) = x^n$$

Anti-derivative

$$\mathsf{F}(\mathsf{x}) = \underbrace{\mathsf{x}^{\mathsf{n}+1}}_{n+1}$$

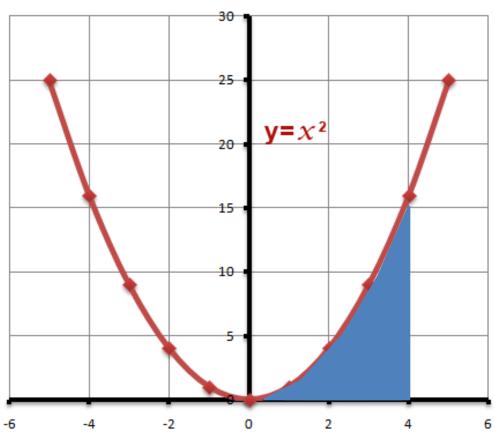
Integrals

$$\int_{a}^{b} f(x)dx = G(b) - G(a)$$
 Where G(a) is the anti-derivative of a



Area under a curve

- Integral gives area under the curve
- $f(x) = x^2$



Where can you get Math help?

Math help for Free: http://www.khanacademy.org/